

Country: Marshall Islands

Part 1: Recent climate

TABLE 1: Monthly Rainfall

Station (include data period)	May-2026	Jun-2026	Jul-2026				
			Total (mm)	33%tile	67%tile	Median	Rank
	Total (mm)	Total (mm)	Rainfall (mm)				
Majuro (1954-2026)	386.6	257.3	397.0	258.0	355.0	300.8	60/73
Kwajalein (1945-2026)	312.9	309.4	332.0	221.0	279.4	248.9	74/82

TABLE 2: Three-month Total Rainfall for May to July 2026

Station	Three-month Total		33%tile	67%tile	Median	Rank
	Rainfall (mm)					
Majuro (1954-2026)	1040.9	Above normal	782.7	947.9	848.9	57/72
Kwajalein (1945-2026)	954.3	Above normal	582.6	800.7	690.6	73/82

Part 1i. Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks for September and September to November 2026

Monthly: September 2026	Seasonal: September to November 2026
Rainfall (Image 1)	Rainfall (Image 2)
Tercile rainfall probabilities for September 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).	Tercile rainfall probabilities for September to November 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).
Monthly Maximum temperature (Image 3):	Seasonal maximum temperature (Image 4):
Tercile maximum temperature probabilities for September 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).	Tercile maximum temperature probabilities for September to November 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).
Monthly minimum temperature (Image 5):	Seasonal minimum temperature (Image 6):
Tercile minimum temperature probabilities for September 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).	Tercile minimum temperature probabilities for September to November 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 Model run: 09/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, supported by COSPPac 40 50 60 70 80 90 Below normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Near normal (%) 40 50 60 70 80 90 Above normal (%) -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).

Part 2: Recent Ocean Observation

Monthly/Three months: July and May to July 2026

Monthly: July 2026	Last three months: May to July 2026
Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly (Image 1):	Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly (Image 4):
Marshall Islands Monthly Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies: July 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 Reynolds	Marshall Islands Seasonal Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies : May 2026 - Jul 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 Reynolds
Sea level anomaly (Image 2):	
Marshall Islands Monthly Sea Level Anomaly: July 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information: https://doi.org/10.48670/moi-00149	
National daily coral bleaching alert (Image 3):	Pacific daily coral bleaching alert (Image 5):
Marshall Islands Coral Bleaching Alert: 2 August 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 NOAA	Pacific Islands Coral Bleaching Alert: 2 August 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 NOAA

Part 2i. Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks for September and September to November 2026

Monthly: September 2026	Seasonal: September to November 2026
Monthly sea surface temperature anomaly (Image 5):	Seasonal sea surface temperature anomaly (Image 6):
Difference from average sea surface temperature forecast for September 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 18°N Model run: 10/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, Singapore, COSPPac -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).	Difference from average sea surface temperature forecast for September to November 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 18°N Model run: 10/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, Singapore, COSPPac -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).
Monthly sea level anomaly (Image 7):	Seasonal sea level anomaly (Image 8):
Difference from average sea surface height forecast for September 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 18°N Model run: 10/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, Singapore, COSPPac -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).	Difference from average sea surface height forecast for September to November 2026 Base period: 1981-2018 Model: ACCESS-S2 18°N Model run: 10/08/2026 Issued: 12/08/2026 © Commonwealth of Australia 2026, Bureau of Meteorology, Singapore, COSPPac -- EEZ border V11 (Flanders Marine Institute, 2019).
National 4-week Coral Bleaching Outlook (Image 9):	Pacific 4-week Coral Bleaching Outlook (Image 10):
Marshall Islands 16 Week Coral Bleaching Outlook: 19 October 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 NOAA	Pacific Islands 12 Week Coral Bleaching Outlook: 19 October 2026 © Pacific Community (SPC) 2025 NOAA

Summary Statement

Monthly and last three months: July/May to July 2026 statement

The rainfall for July and the past three months was above normal for both Majuro and Kwajalein. Kwajalein reported its 8th wettest July on record.

Part 1i. Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks for September and September to November 2026

Monthly/Seasonal rainfall and temperature Outlook statements

The rainfall for September 2026 is likely or very likely to be above normal for most of the RMI. In the central RMI include Ailinglapalap, the outlook shows below normal to normal rainfall.

The rainfall for September to November 2026 is likely or very likely to be below normal in some atolls in the central and western RMI. In Majuro and neighbouring atolls, the outlook offers little guidance.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during September 2026 and average over September to November 2026 are likely or very likely to be above normal.

Part 2: Recent Ocean summary statement

Monthly and last three months: July/May to July 2026

July sea surface temperatures (SSTs) across the RMI were 0.4 to 2.0°C above normal except for the southern parts where near normal SSTs were observed.

Averaged over May to July 2026, sea surface temperatures around the Marshall Islands were 0.4 to 1.2°C above normal.

July sea levels around some parts of northern RMI were 60 to 100 mm above normal, while below normal sea levels were observed in the central Marshall Islands.

A coral bleaching Watch status is currently in effect for most of RMIs waters as of 2 August 2026.

Part 2i. Monthly and Seasonal Outlooks for September and September to November 2026

Ocean Variable statement

September and average over September to November 2026 sea surface temperatures around eastern chain of islands are predicted to be 0.4 to 0.8°C above normal. Near normal sea surface temperatures are predicted for the western chain of islands in the Marshall Islands.

September and average over September to November 2026 sea levels across the Marshall Islands are predicted to be below normal.

Coral Bleaching outlook indicates Alert Levels 1 and 2 statuses for the northern waters in the Marshall Islands in the next 12 weeks.

In brief for Teleconference

- Rainfall was above normal for July and May to July 2026. Kwajalein reported the 8th wettest July on record.
- The rainfall outlook generally indicates above normal likely in September 2026 but below average for total rainfall over September to November 2026, mainly for atolls in the central and western RMI.
- SSTs were above normal for July and May to July 2026. The outlook shows above normal for eastern parts while near-normal for the western parts of RMI for September and the next three months.
- Sea levels were above for July in some parts of the Northern RMI. Below normal sea levels are predicted for September and September to November 2026.
- Coral Bleaching outlook indicates Alert Levels 1 and 2 in the next 12 weeks.

TABLE 3: Stakeholder Engagement- Evaluations of how effective NMS engage with stakeholders (July 2026)

<i>Product</i>	<i>Stakeholder</i>	<i>Total Number of Participants</i>	<i>Number of Male</i>	<i>Number of Female</i>	<i>Disability</i>	<i>Age group</i>	<i>Comments (If there are comments from you Stakeholders)</i>
Climate Bulletin							
EAR Watch							
Monthly Climate Briefing	Chief Secretary Office and National Disaster Management Office	8	5	3			
Ocean Outlook	CSO,NDMO, Marshall Islands Marine Authority, Majuro Water & Sewer Company ,Marshall Islands Conservation Society, Office of Commerce Investment and Tourism, Marshall Islands Shipping Corporation, MIDPO, Sea Patrol, Marshall Energy Company, National Energy Office, WASH Cluster, NRC and Agriculture	35	22	10	3		
Climate data request							
Outreach programs	Sector Specific- Climate Training Programme (SSCTP)	14	11	3			

						
Total	57	38	16	3		

Stakeholder category	Do your products reach this group? (Y/N)	Tailored product? (Y/N)
Agriculture sector	Y	Y
Disaster Risk Reduction sector	Y	Y
Energy sector	Y	Y
Health sector	Y	Y
Water sector	Y	Y
Fisheries and Aquaculture sector	Y	Y
Tourism sector	Y	Y
Maritime sector	Y	Y
Research & education sector	N	N
Women's [] organisations	Y	Y
National disability organisations	Y	Y
Community based organisations (e.g. councils)	Y	Y
Products offered in local dialects/ languages	N	N

Table 4: Impacts of Severe weather and climate events

Country: _____

ENSO Phase: El Nino

[illegible]